

SAFETY DATA SHEET 250/D125 - GLOCOTE FLUORESCENT PAINT (All colours)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	250/D125 - GLOCOTE FLUORESCENT PAINT (All colours)	
Product number	250/D125/ ALL COLOURS	
1.2. Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Fluorescent Paint	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	ne safety data sheet	
Supplier	COO-VAR Lockwood Street Hull HU2 0HN +44 (0) 1482 328053(T) +44 (0) 1482 219266(F) info@coo-var.co.uk	
Contact person	Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above	
1.4. Emergency telephone num	nber	
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 1482 328053 (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)	
SECTION 2: Hazards identifica	ation	
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	
Health hazards	STOT SE 3 - H336	
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	
Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	R10,R52/53,R66,R67.	
2.2. Label elements		
Pictogram		
Signal word	Warning	

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements	P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P501 Dispose of contents/ container to …
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT		10-30%
CAS number: —	EC number: 919-857-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119463258-33-XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) 10,R66,R67.
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes aromatics (2-25%)	s, isoalkanes, cyclics,	10-30%
CAS number: —	EC number: 919-446-0	REACH registration number: 01- 2119458049-33-XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R51/53. R10,R66,R67.
STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		

Calcium Carbonate		10-3	30%
CAS number: 1317-65-3	EC number: 215-27	79-6	
Classification Not Classified		Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) -	
Diatomaceous Earth		1	-5%
CAS number: 61790-53-2	EC number: 310-12	27-6	
Classification Not Classified		Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) -	
Titanium Dioxide			<1%
CAS number: 13463-67-7	EC number: 236-67		
Classification Not Classified		Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) -	
Cobalt containing polymer		•	<1%
CAS number: —			
Classification Not Classified			
	aata)		<1%
C.I. BASIC VIOLET 11:1 (tetrachlorozin CAS number: 73398-89-7	EC number: 277-45		~ 1 70
	EC humber: 277-40	33-0	
Classification		Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H331		T;R23. Xn;R22. Xi;R41. N;R51/53.	
Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			
			-4.07
2-BUTANONE OXIME			<1%
CAS number: 96-29-7	EC number: 202-49	P6-6 REACH registration number: 01- 2119539477-28	
Classification		Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		Carc. Cat. 3;R40 Xn;R21 R43 Xi;R41	
Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351			

2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL			<1
CAS number: 107-41-5	EC number: 203-489-0		
Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	Classifica Xi;R36/38	ation (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
ZIRCONIUM SALT, 2-ETHYLHEXAN	NOIC ACID		<1
CAS number: 22464-99-9	EC number: 245-018-1	REACH registration number: 01- 2119979088-21-0002	
Classification Repr. 2 - H361d	Classifica Repr. Ca	tion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) t. 3;R63.	
Low Aromatic White Spirit			<1
CAS number: 64742-48-9	EC number: 265-150-3	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457273-39	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	Classifica Xn;R65. I	tion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10,R66.	
PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE			<1
CAS number: 85-44-9	EC number: 201-607-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457017-41-0000	
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335		n tion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R42/43 Xi;R37/38,R41	
FORMALDEHYDE%			<1
CAS number: 50-00-0	EC number: 200-001-8	REACH registration number: 01- 2119488953-20-0000	
Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Muta. 2 - H341 Carc. 1B - H350		ntion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) t. 3;R40 T;R23/24/25 C;R34 R43	

ZIRCONIUM PROPIONATE		<1%
CAS number: 84057-80-7	EC number: 281-897-8	REACH registration number: 01- 2119978305-30-0000
Classification Not Classified	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol		<19
CAS number: 128-37-0	EC number: 204-881-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119565113-46-xxxx
M factor (Acute) = 1		
Classification Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) N;R50/53.	
The Full Text for all R-Phrases	s and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Se	ection 16.
SECTION 4: First aid measure	95	
1.1. Description of first aid mea	asures	
General information	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
nhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.	
ngestion	DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	
Skin contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water.	
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyeli minutes and get medical attention.	ds wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15
1.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.	
1.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment ne	eded
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry p extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	owder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture	
	Toxic gapon or venoure ELAMMARIE Sol	
Specific hazards	TOXIC gases of vapours. FLAMMABLE. Som	vent vapours may form explosive mixtures with a

Protective actions during firefighting	Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Accidental releas	e measures
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Ensure suitable respiratory protection is worn during removal of spillages in confined areas.
6.2. Environmental precaution	<u>s</u>
Environmental precautions	Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
6.4. Reference to other section	ns
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8.
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling
Usage precautions	Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautionsStore in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep away from
heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Store
away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Alkalis. Acids.

Storage class	Flammable liquid storage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR. Up to 250 litres of liquids with a flashpoint above 32C but below 55C may be kept in a workroom provided they are kept in closed containers in a marked, fire-resisting cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate , marked storeroom conforming to the structural requirements contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
Usage description	Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 350 mg/m³

Calcium Carbonate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Diatomaceous Earth

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1.2 mg/m³ respirable dust

Titanium Dioxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

C.I. BASIC VIOLET 11:1 (tetrachlorozincate)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³

2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³

ZIRCONIUM SALT, 2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³

Low Aromatic White Spirit

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 mg/m³

PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m3(Sen) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 12 mg/m3(Sen)

FORMALDEHYDE ...%

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³

ZIRCONIUM PROPIONATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT

DNEL	Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1500 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 900 mg/m ³
PNEC	No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.
Hydro	carbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
DNEL	Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 71 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 570 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 570 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 330 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 44 mg/kg/day
PNEC	No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.
	Titanium Dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7)
DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 700 mg/kg/day
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.184 mg/l Marine water; 0.0184 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); >=1000 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); >=100 mg/kg Soil; 100 mg/kg STP; 100 mg/kg
	2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (CAS: 128-37-0)
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; :0.5 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; :3.5 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.000199 mg/l - Sediment; 0.0996 mg/l - Soil; 0.04769 mg/l - Marine water; 0.0000199 mg/l
ure controle	

Protective equipment

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Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Wear chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.
Hygiene measures	No specific hygiene procedures recommended but good personal hygiene practices should always be observed when working with chemical products.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Brightly coloured Viscous liquid.	
Colour	Orange. Red. Pink. Green. Yellow.	
Odour	Organic solvents.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.	
Flash point	37 approx.°C CC (Closed cup).	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 0.8	
Vapour pressure	Not determined.	
Vapour density	heavier than air	
Relative density	1.12 approx. @ @ 20°C	
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water	
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.	
Viscosity	3.5 (Rotothinner) P @ 25°C	
9.2. Other information		
Volatility	56.5	
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 450 g/litre.	
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity		There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.		
10.2. Chemi	cal stability			
Stability		Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.		
10.3. Possib	ility of hazardous r	actions		
Possibility of reactions	f hazardous	Not determined.		
10.4. Condit	ions to avoid			
Conditions to	o avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Oxidising agents.		
10.5. Incom	patible materials			
Materials to	avoid	Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.		
10.6. Hazaro	dous decomposition	products		
Hazardous of products	lecomposition	Dxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.		
SECTION 1	1: Toxicological infe	mation		
11.1. Inform	ation on toxicologic	leffects		
Inhalation		Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs.		
Ingestion		Liquid irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal pain if swallowed.		
Skin contact	:	Product has a defatting effect on skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause allergic contact eczema. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.		
Eye contact		May cause temporary eye irritation.		
Acute and cl hazards	hronic health	This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on human health.		
Route of ent	ry	nhalation Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.		
Medical con	siderations	Skin disorders and allergies. Avoid vomiting and stomach flushing because of the risk of aspiration.		
Toxicologica	l information			
		LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT		
	Acute toxicity - or			
	Acute toxicity oral mg/kg)	L D₅o 5,100.0		
	Species	Rat		
	ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,100.0		
	Acute toxicity - de			
	Acute toxicity derr mg/kg)			

Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	5,100.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ vapours mg/l)	5,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	5,100.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritat	ion
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility: - ,Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: -: , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
Specific target organ toxici	ty - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Not available.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s.
Inhalation	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Central nervous system depression.
Ingestion	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.
Skin contact	Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema.
Eye contact	No specific health hazards known.
Route of entry	Inhalation Dermal
Hudroo	orbana CQ C12 n alkanaa jaaalkanaa ayaliga aramatiga (2.25%)

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	15,000.0
Species	Rat
Notes (oral LD ₅₀)	Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	3,400.0
Species	Rabbit
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Erythema/eschar score: Very slight erythema - barely perceptible (1). Oedema score: Very slight oedema - barely perceptible (1). Not irritating.
Extreme pH	Not irritating. Not corrosive to skin.
Serious eye damage/irritation	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	There is evidence that the material can lead to respiratory hypersensitivity.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 300 mg/kg, Oral, Rat There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	One-generation study - NOAEL >3000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: >300 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Read-across data. This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	Central nervous system depression including narcotic effects such as drowsiness, narcosis, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo.
Target organs	Central nervous system
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure
0707	

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 1056 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

	Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s.
	Inhalation	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
	Ingestion	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.
	Skin contact	May cause defatting of the skin, but is not an irritant. Not a skin sensitiser.
	Eye contact	No specific health hazards known.
	Route of entry	Skin and/or eye contact. Inhalation
	Target organs	Central nervous system
SECTION 1	2: Ecological Information	
Ecotoxicity		duct contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause n adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
	Hydroca	arbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
	Ecotoxicity	Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.
12.1. Toxicit	t <u>v</u>	
		LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, > 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Substance did not cause acute toxicity to fish
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, > 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater green algae
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, >: 100 mg/l, Activated sludge
	Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, 28 days: 0.131 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
	Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, 28 days: 0.23 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Hydroca	arbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
	Toxicity	Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses Toxic to aquatic organisms
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 10 - 30 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 10 - 22 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	IC₅₀, 72 hours: 4.6 - 10 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 43.98 mg/l, Activated sludge
Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, 28 days: 0.13 mg/l, Freshwater fish
Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, < 21 days: 0.28 mg/l, Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is not expected to be biodegradable.

LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT

Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air
Biodegradation	- 80 Degradation (%): 28 days Test - 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respiratory Test

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Scientifically unjustified.
Stability (hydrolysis)	Scientifically unjustified.
Biodegradation	- Degradation 75: 28 days

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT

	Bioaccumulative potential	The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.
	Partition coefficient	log Pow: 5 - 6.7
	Hydroca	arbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
	Bioaccumulative potential	Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for this complex substance.
	Partition coefficient	Technically not feasible.
12.4. Mobili	ty in soil	
Mobility	The prod surfaces	duct contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all s.

LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT

250/D125 - GLOCOTE FLUORESCENT PAINT (All colours)

Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Readily absorbed into soil.
Adsorption/desorption/desorption/desorp	otion Not available.
Surface tension	24.5 mN/m @ 20°C
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
Adsorption/desorption/desorption/desorp	otion Scientifically unjustified.
Henry's law const	ant Volatilisation is dependent on Henry's Law constant (HLC) which is not applicable to complex substances.
Surface tension	24 - 27 mN/m @ 25°C
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB	assessment
	LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT
Results of PBT ar assessment	nd vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
Results of PBT ar assessment	nd vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.
	LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT
Other adverse eff	ects Not known.
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
Other adverse eff	This substance may contribute to ozone formation in the near surface atmosphere. However, the photochemical formation of ozone depends on a complex interaction of other atmospheric pollutant sources and environmental conditions. Therefore, the contribution of this substance to ozone formation is outside the scope of this substance assessment and is more appropriately addressed via EU air quality directives.
SECTION 13: Disposal conside	erations
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
	8
General information	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.

local Waste Disposal Authority.

Waste classWhen this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as
hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used
containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the
supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT
BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be
applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry
residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02
(plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).

SECTION 14: Transport information

General

This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR and IMDG.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263
UN No. (IMDG)	1263
UN No. (ICAO)	1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name	<u>e</u>
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PAINT
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PAINT
Proper shipping name (ADN)	PAINT
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	<u>s)</u>
ADR/RID class	1263
IMDG class	3
ICAO class/division	3

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	Ш
IMDG packing group	Ш
ICAO packing group	Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS

F-E, S-E

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture National regulations The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716). EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Guidance Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. CHIP for everyone HSG228. Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations. Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131. Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 [L138]

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision comments	Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 Update for CLP labelling.
Issued by	Technical Dept. (P.E.)
Revision date	16/02/2015
Revision	8
Supersedes date	05/06/2014
SDS number	10584
SDS status	Approved.
Signature	Initials

Risk phrases in full	Not classified. R10 Flammable. R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R21 Harmful in contact with skin. R22 Harmful if swallowed. R23 Toxic by inhalation. R23/24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. R34 Causes burns. R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin. R37 Irritating to respiratory system. R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes. R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
	R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Hazard statements in full	 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful i finhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.