

SAFETY DATA SHEET 250/D125 - GLOCOTE FLUORESCENT PAINT (All colours)

| SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1.1. Product identifier | | |
| Product name | 250/D125 - GLOCOTE FLUORESCENT PAINT (All colours) | |
| Product number | 250/D125/ ALL COLOURS | |
| 1.2. Relevant identified uses o | f the substance or mixture and uses advised against | |
| Identified uses | Fluorescent Paint | |
| 1.3. Details of the supplier of the | ne safety data sheet | |
| Supplier | COO-VAR Lockwood Street Hull HU2 0HN +44 (0) 1482 328053(T) +44 (0) 1482 219266(F) info@coo-var.co.uk | |
| Contact person | Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above | |
| 1.4. Emergency telephone num | nber | |
| Emergency telephone | +44 (0) 1482 328053 (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri) | |
| SECTION 2: Hazards identifica | ation | |
| 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture | | |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008) | | |
| Physical hazards | Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 | |
| Health hazards | STOT SE 3 - H336 | |
| Environmental hazards | Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 | |
| Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) | R10,R52/53,R66,R67. | |
| 2.2. Label elements | | |
| Pictogram | | |
| Signal word | Warning | |
| | | |

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Precautionary statements | P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P501 Dispose of contents/ container to … |
|--|--|
| Supplemental label information | EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| Supplementary precautionary statements | P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. |

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

| LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT | | 10-30% |
|---|-------------------------|---|
| CAS number: — | EC number: 919-857-5 | REACH registration number: 01- 2119463258-33-XXXX |
| Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 | | on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) 10,R66,R67. |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes aromatics (2-25%) | s, isoalkanes, cyclics, | 10-30% |
| CAS number: — | EC number: 919-446-0 | REACH registration number: 01- 2119458049-33-XXXX |
| Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 | | on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R51/53. R10,R66,R67. |
| STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 | | |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 | | |

| Calcium Carbonate | | 10-3 | 30% |
|--|-------------------|---|---------------|
| CAS number: 1317-65-3 | EC number: 215-27 | 79-6 | |
| Classification Not Classified | | Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) - | |
| Diatomaceous Earth | | 1 | -5% |
| CAS number: 61790-53-2 | EC number: 310-12 | 27-6 | |
| Classification Not Classified | | Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) - | |
| Titanium Dioxide | | | <1% |
| CAS number: 13463-67-7 | EC number: 236-67 | | |
| Classification Not Classified | | Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) - | |
| Cobalt containing polymer | | • | <1% |
| CAS number: — | | | |
| Classification Not Classified | | | |
| | aata) | | <1% |
| C.I. BASIC VIOLET 11:1 (tetrachlorozin CAS number: 73398-89-7 | EC number: 277-45 | | ~ 1 70 |
| | EC humber: 277-40 | 33-0 | |
| Classification | | Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) | |
| Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 | | T;R23. Xn;R22. Xi;R41. N;R51/53. | |
| Eye Dam. 1 - H318 | | | |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 | | | |
| | | | -4.07 |
| 2-BUTANONE OXIME | | | <1% |
| CAS number: 96-29-7 | EC number: 202-49 | P6-6 REACH registration number: 01- 2119539477-28 | |
| Classification | | Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) | |
| Acute Tox. 4 - H312 | | Carc. Cat. 3;R40 Xn;R21 R43 Xi;R41 | |
| Eye Dam. 1 - H318 | | | |
| Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 | | | |
| | | | |

| 2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL | | | <1 |
|--|--------------------------------|--|----|
| CAS number: 107-41-5 | EC number: 203-489-0 | | |
| Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 | Classifica Xi;R36/38 | ation (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) | |
| ZIRCONIUM SALT, 2-ETHYLHEXAN | NOIC ACID | | <1 |
| CAS number: 22464-99-9 | EC number: 245-018-1 | REACH registration number: 01- 2119979088-21-0002 | |
| Classification Repr. 2 - H361d | Classifica Repr. Ca | tion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) t. 3;R63. | |
| Low Aromatic White Spirit | | | <1 |
| CAS number: 64742-48-9 | EC number: 265-150-3 | REACH registration number: 01- 2119457273-39 | |
| Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 | Classifica Xn;R65. I | tion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10,R66. | |
| PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE | | | <1 |
| CAS number: 85-44-9 | EC number: 201-607-5 | REACH registration number: 01- 2119457017-41-0000 | |
| Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335 | | n tion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R42/43 Xi;R37/38,R41 | |
| FORMALDEHYDE% | | | <1 |
| CAS number: 50-00-0 | EC number: 200-001-8 | REACH registration number: 01- 2119488953-20-0000 | |
| Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Muta. 2 - H341 Carc. 1B - H350 | | ntion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) t. 3;R40 T;R23/24/25 C;R34 R43 | |

| ZIRCONIUM PROPIONATE | | <1% |
|---|---|--|
| CAS number: 84057-80-7 | EC number: 281-897-8 | REACH registration number: 01- 2119978305-30-0000 |
| Classification Not Classified | Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) | |
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol | | <19 |
| CAS number: 128-37-0 | EC number: 204-881-4 | REACH registration number: 01- 2119565113-46-xxxx |
| M factor (Acute) = 1 | | |
| Classification Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 | Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) N;R50/53. | |
| The Full Text for all R-Phrases | s and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Se | ection 16. |
| SECTION 4: First aid measure | 95 | |
| 1.1. Description of first aid mea | asures | |
| General information | Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. | |
| nhalation | Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. | |
| ngestion | DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. | |
| Skin contact | Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. | |
| Eye contact | Remove any contact lenses and open eyeli minutes and get medical attention. | ds wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 |
| 1.2. Most important symptoms | and effects, both acute and delayed | |
| General information | Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing. | |
| 1.3. Indication of any immedia | te medical attention and special treatment ne | eded |
| Notes for the doctor | No specific recommendations. | |
| SECTION 5: Firefighting meas | sures | |
| 5.1. Extinguishing media | | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry p extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. | owder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an |
| 5.2. Special hazards arising fro | om the substance or mixture | |
| | Toxic gapon or venoure ELAMMARIE Sol | |
| Specific hazards | TOXIC gases of vapours. FLAMMABLE. Som | vent vapours may form explosive mixtures with a |

| Protective actions during firefighting | Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. |
|---|---|
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. |
| SECTION 6: Accidental releas | e measures |
| 6.1. Personal precautions, pro | tective equipment and emergency procedures |
| Personal precautions | Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Ensure suitable respiratory protection is worn during removal of spillages in confined areas. |
| 6.2. Environmental precaution | <u>s</u> |
| Environmental precautions | Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body. |
| 6.3. Methods and material for | containment and cleaning up |
| Methods for cleaning up | Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13. |
| 6.4. Reference to other section | ns |
| Reference to other sections | For personal protection, see Section 8. |
| SECTION 7: Handling and sto | rage |
| 7.1. Precautions for safe hand | ling |
| Usage precautions | Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight. |
| | |

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautionsStore in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep away from
heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Store
away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Alkalis. Acids.

| Storage class | Flammable liquid storage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR. Up to 250 litres of liquids with a flashpoint above 32C but below 55C may be kept in a workroom provided they are kept in closed containers in a marked, fire-resisting cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate , marked storeroom conforming to the structural requirements contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers. |
|--------------------------|---|
| 7.3. Specific end use(s) | |
| Specific end use(s) | The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2. |
| Usage description | Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. |

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 350 mg/m³

Calcium Carbonate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Diatomaceous Earth

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1.2 mg/m³ respirable dust

Titanium Dioxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

C.I. BASIC VIOLET 11:1 (tetrachlorozincate)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³

2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³

ZIRCONIUM SALT, 2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³

Low Aromatic White Spirit

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 mg/m³

PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m3(Sen) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 12 mg/m3(Sen)

FORMALDEHYDE ...%

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³

ZIRCONIUM PROPIONATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT

| DNEL | Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1500 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 900 mg/m ³ |
|--------------|--|
| PNEC | No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance. |
| Hydro | carbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) |
| DNEL | Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 71 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 570 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 570 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 330 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 44 mg/kg/day |
| PNEC | No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance. |
| | Titanium Dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7) |
| DNEL | Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 700 mg/kg/day |
| PNEC | Fresh water; 0.184 mg/l Marine water; 0.0184 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); >=1000 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); >=100 mg/kg Soil; 100 mg/kg STP; 100 mg/kg |
| | 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (CAS: 128-37-0) |
| DNEL | Industry - Dermal; :0.5 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; :3.5 mg/kg/day |
| PNEC | - Fresh water; 0.000199 mg/l - Sediment; 0.0996 mg/l - Soil; 0.04769 mg/l - Marine water; 0.0000199 mg/l |
| ure controle | |

Protective equipment

(ffh

| Appropriate engineering controls | Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Eye/face protection | Wear chemical splash goggles. |
| Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin. |
| Other skin and body protection | Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact. |
| Hygiene measures | No specific hygiene procedures recommended but good personal hygiene practices should always be observed when working with chemical products. |
| Respiratory protection | No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. |

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

| 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties | | |
|--|---|--|
| Appearance | Brightly coloured Viscous liquid. | |
| Colour | Orange. Red. Pink. Green. Yellow. | |
| Odour | Organic solvents. | |
| рН | Not applicable. | |
| Initial boiling point and range | Not determined. | |
| Flash point | 37 approx.°C CC (Closed cup). | |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | : 0.8 | |
| Vapour pressure | Not determined. | |
| Vapour density | heavier than air | |
| Relative density | 1.12 approx. @ @ 20°C | |
| Solubility(ies) | Insoluble in water | |
| Decomposition Temperature | Not determined. | |
| Viscosity | 3.5 (Rotothinner) P @ 25°C | |
| 9.2. Other information | | |
| Volatility | 56.5 | |
| Volatile organic compound | This product contains a maximum VOC content of 450 g/litre. | |
| SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity | | |

10.1. Reactivity

| Reactivity | | There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 10.2. Chemi | cal stability | | | |
| Stability | | Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. | | |
| 10.3. Possib | ility of hazardous r | actions | | |
| Possibility of reactions | f hazardous | Not determined. | | |
| 10.4. Condit | ions to avoid | | | |
| Conditions to | o avoid | Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Oxidising agents. | | |
| 10.5. Incom | patible materials | | | |
| Materials to | avoid | Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. | | |
| 10.6. Hazaro | dous decomposition | products | | |
| Hazardous of products | lecomposition | Dxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. | | |
| SECTION 1 | 1: Toxicological infe | mation | | |
| 11.1. Inform | ation on toxicologic | leffects | | |
| Inhalation | | Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs. | | |
| Ingestion | | Liquid irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal pain if swallowed. | | |
| Skin contact | : | Product has a defatting effect on skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause allergic contact eczema. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. | | |
| Eye contact | | May cause temporary eye irritation. | | |
| Acute and cl hazards | hronic health | This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on human health. | | |
| Route of ent | ry | nhalation Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact. | | |
| Medical con | siderations | Skin disorders and allergies. Avoid vomiting and stomach flushing because of the risk of aspiration. | | |
| Toxicologica | l information | | | |
| | | LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT | | |
| | Acute toxicity - or | | | |
| | Acute toxicity oral mg/kg) | L D₅o 5,100.0 | | |
| | Species | Rat | | |
| | ATE oral (mg/kg) | 5,100.0 | | |
| | Acute toxicity - de | | | |
| | Acute toxicity derr mg/kg) | | | |

| Species | Rabbit |
|---|--|
| ATE dermal (mg/kg) | 5,100.0 |
| Acute toxicity - inhalation | |
| Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ vapours mg/l) | 5,100.0 |
| Species | Rat |
| ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) | 5,100.0 |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Not irritating. |
| Serious eye damage/irritat | ion |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | Not irritating. |
| Respiratory sensitisation | |
| Respiratory sensitisation | Not sensitising. |
| Skin sensitisation | |
| Skin sensitisation | Not sensitising. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | |
| Genotoxicity - in vitro | Chromosome aberration: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties. |
| Carcinogenicity | |
| Carcinogenicity | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |
| Reproductive toxicity | |
| Reproductive toxicity - fertility | Fertility: - ,Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction. |
| Reproductive toxicity - development | Developmental toxicity: -: , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction. |
| Specific target organ toxici | ty - repeated exposure |
| STOT - repeated exposure | Not available. |
| Aspiration hazard | |
| Aspiration hazard | Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s. |
| | |
| Inhalation | Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Central nervous system depression. |
| Ingestion | Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed. |
| Skin contact | Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema. |
| Eye contact | No specific health hazards known. |
| Route of entry | Inhalation Dermal |
| Hudroo | orbana CQ C12 n alkanaa jaaalkanaa ayaliga aramatiga (2.25%) |

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

| Acute toxicity - oral | |
|--|---|
| Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) | 15,000.0 |
| Species | Rat |
| Notes (oral LD ₅₀) | Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification. |
| Acute toxicity - dermal | |
| Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg) | 3,400.0 |
| Species | Rabbit |
| Notes (dermal LD₅₀) | Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification. |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | |
| Animal data | Erythema/eschar score: Very slight erythema - barely perceptible (1). Oedema score: Very slight oedema - barely perceptible (1). Not irritating. |
| Extreme pH | Not irritating. Not corrosive to skin. |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | on |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | Not irritating. |
| Respiratory sensitisation | |
| Respiratory sensitisation | There is evidence that the material can lead to respiratory hypersensitivity. |
| Skin sensitisation | |
| Skin sensitisation | Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | |
| Genotoxicity - in vitro | Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. |
| Genotoxicity - in vivo | Chromosome aberration: Negative. |
| Carcinogenicity | |
| Carcinogenicity | NOAEL 300 mg/kg, Oral, Rat There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer. |
| Reproductive toxicity | |
| Reproductive toxicity - fertility | One-generation study - NOAEL >3000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction. |
| Reproductive toxicity - development | Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: >300 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Read-across data. This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | |
| STOT - single exposure | Central nervous system depression including narcotic effects such as drowsiness, narcosis, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo. |
| Target organs | Central nervous system |
| Specific target organ toxicit | y - repeated exposure |
| 0707 | |

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 1056 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

| | Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard | Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s. |
|------------------|---|---|
| | Inhalation | Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. |
| | Ingestion | Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. |
| | Skin contact | May cause defatting of the skin, but is not an irritant. Not a skin sensitiser. |
| | Eye contact | No specific health hazards known. |
| | Route of entry | Skin and/or eye contact. Inhalation |
| | Target organs | Central nervous system |
| SECTION 1 | 2: Ecological Information | |
| Ecotoxicity | | duct contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause n adverse effects in the aquatic environment. |
| | Hydroca | arbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) |
| | Ecotoxicity | Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses. |
| 12.1. Toxicit | t <u>v</u> | |
| | | LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT |
| | Acute toxicity - fish | LC50, > 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Substance did not cause acute toxicity to fish |
| | Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates | Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna |
| | Acute toxicity - aquatic plants | EC₅₀, > 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater green algae |
| | Acute toxicity - microorganisms | EC₅₀, >: 100 mg/l, Activated sludge |
| | Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage | NOEC, 28 days: 0.131 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) |
| | Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates | NOEC, 28 days: 0.23 mg/l, Daphnia magna |
| | Hydroca | arbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) |
| | Toxicity | Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses Toxic to aquatic organisms |
| | Acute toxicity - fish | LC₅₀, 96 hours: 10 - 30 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) |
| | Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates | EC₅₀, 48 hours: 10 - 22 mg/l, Daphnia magna |

| Acute toxicity - aquatic plants | IC₅₀, 72 hours: 4.6 - 10 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata |
|---|--|
| Acute toxicity - microorganisms | EC₅₀, 48 hours: 43.98 mg/l, Activated sludge |
| Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage | NOEC, 28 days: 0.13 mg/l, Freshwater fish |
| Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates | NOEC, < 21 days: 0.28 mg/l, Daphnia magna |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is not expected to be biodegradable.

LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT

| Persistence and degradability | The product is readily biodegradable. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Phototransformation | Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air |
| Biodegradation | - 80 Degradation (%): 28 days Test - 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respiratory Test |

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

| Persistence and degradability | The product is readily biodegradable. |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Phototransformation | Scientifically unjustified. |
| Stability (hydrolysis) | Scientifically unjustified. |
| Biodegradation | - Degradation 75: 28 days |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT

| | Bioaccumulative potential | The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances. |
|--------------|---------------------------|--|
| | Partition coefficient | log Pow: 5 - 6.7 |
| | Hydroca | arbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) |
| | Bioaccumulative potential | Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for this complex substance. |
| | Partition coefficient | Technically not feasible. |
| 12.4. Mobili | ty in soil | |
| Mobility | The prod surfaces | duct contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all s. |

LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT

250/D125 - GLOCOTE FLUORESCENT PAINT (All colours)

| Mobility | The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Readily absorbed into soil. |
|---|---|
| Adsorption/desorption/desorption/desorp | otion Not available. |
| Surface tension | 24.5 mN/m @ 20°C |
| | Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) |
| Adsorption/desorption/desorption/desorp | otion Scientifically unjustified. |
| Henry's law const | ant Volatilisation is dependent on Henry's Law constant (HLC) which is not applicable to complex substances. |
| Surface tension | 24 - 27 mN/m @ 25°C |
| 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB | assessment |
| | LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT |
| Results of PBT ar assessment | nd vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. |
| | Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) |
| Results of PBT ar assessment | nd vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. |
| 12.6. Other adverse effects | |
| Other adverse effects | The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone creation potential. |
| | LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT |
| Other adverse eff | ects Not known. |
| | Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) |
| Other adverse eff | This substance may contribute to ozone formation in the near surface atmosphere. However, the photochemical formation of ozone depends on a complex interaction of other atmospheric pollutant sources and environmental conditions. Therefore, the contribution of this substance to ozone formation is outside the scope of this substance assessment and is more appropriately addressed via EU air quality directives. |
| SECTION 13: Disposal conside | erations |
| 13.1. Waste treatment methods | |
| | 8 |
| General information | Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. |

local Waste Disposal Authority.

Waste classWhen this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as
hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used
containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the
supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT
BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be
applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry
residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02
(plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).

SECTION 14: Transport information

General

This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR and IMDG.

14.1. UN number

| UN No. (ADR/RID) | 1263 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| UN No. (IMDG) | 1263 |
| UN No. (ICAO) | 1263 |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | <u>e</u> |
| Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) | PAINT |
| Proper shipping name (IMDG) | PAINT |
| Proper shipping name (ICAO) | PAINT |
| Proper shipping name (ADN) | PAINT |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(e | <u>s)</u> |
| ADR/RID class | 1263 |
| IMDG class | 3 |
| ICAO class/division | 3 |

Transport labels



| 14.4. Packing group | |
|-----------------------|---|
| ADR/RID packing group | Ш |
| IMDG packing group | Ш |
| ICAO packing group | Ш |

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS

F-E, S-E

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture National regulations The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716). EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Guidance Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. CHIP for everyone HSG228. Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations. Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131. Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 [L138]

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

| Revision comments | Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 Update for CLP labelling. |
|-------------------|--|
| Issued by | Technical Dept. (P.E.) |
| Revision date | 16/02/2015 |
| Revision | 8 |
| Supersedes date | 05/06/2014 |
| SDS number | 10584 |
| SDS status | Approved. |
| Signature | Initials |

| Risk phrases in full | Not classified. R10 Flammable. R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R21 Harmful in contact with skin. R22 Harmful if swallowed. R23 Toxic by inhalation. R23/24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. R34 Causes burns. R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin. R37 Irritating to respiratory system. R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes. R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. |
|---------------------------|--|
| | R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. |
| Hazard statements in full | H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful i finhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.