

# PAINTS, PRIMERS AND SPECIALISED COATINGS

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 155/G179 - SWIMMING POOL PAINT - WHITE, AZURE, PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name 155/G179 - SWIMMING POOL PAINT - WHITE, AZURE, PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC

**Product number** 155/G179/1/2760/2761/779

UFI: T53Q-M2Q0-D00D-3TDP

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Paint.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier COO-VAR TEAL & MACKRILL EU B.V.

 Lockwood Street
 Zandvoortstraat 69

 HULL UK
 1976 BN IJMUIDEN

 HU2 0HN
 THE NETHERLANDS

 +441482328053 (T)
 +441482328053 (T)

 +441482219266 (F)
 info@coo-var.co.uk

Contact person Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** +44 (0) 1482 320194 Teamac (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)

**SDS No.** 21100

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Health hazards STOT SE 3 - H335, H336

**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

## 2.2. Label elements

# Hazard pictograms







Signal word

Warning

# 155/G179 - SWIMMING POOL PAINT - WHITE, AZURE, PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC

Hazard statements H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

information EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

Contains HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS, HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

# HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS 30-60%

CAS number: — EC number: 918-668-5 REACH registration number: 01-

2119455851-35-xxxx

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

STOT SE 3 - H335, H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R65. Xi;R37. N;R51/53. R10,R66,R67.

Chlorinated polymer 20

10-30%

CAS number: 9006-03-5

Classification

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Not Classified -

# 155/G179 - SWIMMING POOL PAINT - WHITE, AZURE, PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC

Titanium Dioxide 5-10%

CAS number: 13463-67-7 EC number: 236-675-5 REACH registration number: 01-

2119489379-17-xxxx

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Carc. 2 - H351 -

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS 1-5%

CAS number: — EC number: 919-857-5 REACH registration number: 01-

2119463258-33-XXXX

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Xn;R65. R10,R66,R67.

STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

TOLUENE <1%

CAS number: 108-88-3 EC number: 203-625-9 REACH registration number: 01-

2119471310-51-0026

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 F;R11 Repr. Cat. 3;R63 Xn;R48/20,R65 Xi;R38 R67

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Repr. 2 - H361d STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Xylene isomer mixture (self classification) <1%

CAS number: 1330-20-7 EC number: 215-535-7 REACH registration number: 01-

2119488216-32-0000

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Acute Tox. 4 - H312

Acute Tox. 4 - H332

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

STOT SE 3 - H335

STOT RE 2 - H373

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Organoclay <1%

CAS number: 68953-58-2 EC number: 273-219-4

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Not Classified -

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#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

<1%

CAS number: 108-65-6 EC number: 203-603-9 REACH registration number: 01-

2119475791-29-xxxx

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 R10

STOT SE 3 - H336

ETHYLBENZENE <1%

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Flam. Lig. 2 - H225 F;R11 Xn;R20

Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form

containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated into particles

with an aerodynamic diameter of less than or equal to 10um.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

**Inhalation** Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Place unconscious person on their

side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

**Ingestion** Get medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. DO NOT use

solvents or thinners

**Eye contact** Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of

water. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Consult a physician for specific advice.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor No specific recommendations.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use

water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### Specific hazards

Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Fire creates: Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Acrid smoke or fumes. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrous gases (NOx).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Ensure suitable respiratory

protection is worn during removal of spillages in confined areas.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Vapours may accumulate on the floor and in low-lying areas. Use explosion proof electric equipment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Protect from light. Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Store away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Acids. Alkalis.

Storage class

Flammable liquid storage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR. Up to 250 litres of liquids with a flashpoint above 32C but below 55C may be kept in a workroom provided they are kept in closed containers in a marked, fire-resisting cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate , marked storeroom conforming to the structural requirements contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 19 ppm 100 mg/m³ vapour

#### Chlorinated polymer 20

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m3 total dust

#### **Titanium Dioxide**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

#### **TOLUENE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 191 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 384 mg/m³ Sk

# Xylene isomer mixture (self classification)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

## Organoclay

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 274 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 548 mg/m³ St.

## **ETHYLBENZENE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

# HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

**DNEL** Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 32 mg/m³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 25 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 150 mg/m³

PNEC No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this

endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk

assessment of this complex substance.

Chlorinated Paraffin 48 (CAS: 63449-39-8)

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**DNEL** Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2.35 mg/m³

Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 20 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.167 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8.3 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.003 mg/l

- marine water; 0.001 mg/l

- STP; 60 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 5710 mg/kg

- Soil; 4640 mg/kg

#### Titanium Dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7)

**DNEL** Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 700 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.184 mg/l

- marine water; 0.0184 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); >=1000 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); >=100 mg/kg

Soil; 100 mg/kgSTP; 100 mg/kg

## HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

DNEL Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1500 mg/m³

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 900 mg/m³

PNEC No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this

endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk

assessment of this complex substance.

# **TOLUENE (CAS: 108-88-3)**

**DNEL** Industry - Inhalation; Short term : 384 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Industry - Inhalation; Long term: 192 mg/m³ Industry - Dermal; Long term: 384 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Short term: 226 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term: 56.5 mg/m³

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 8.13 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term: 226 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.68 mg/l

Sediment; 16.39 mg/lSoil; 2.89 mg/l

- STP; 13.61 mg/l

Xylene isomer mixture (self classification) (CAS: 1330-20-7)

**DNEL** Consumer - Inhalation; Short term : 260 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 3182 mg/kg/day

Industry - Inhalation; Short term: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1872 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 12.5 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 65.3 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 221 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.327 mg/l

- marine water; 0.327 mg/l - Intermittent release; 0.327 mg/l

- STP; 6.58 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 12.46 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 12.46 mg/kg

- Soil; 2.31 mg/kg

# 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 275 mg/m³

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 796 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 33 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 320 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 36 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Sediment; 3.29 mg/kg

- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.329 mg/kg

- Fresh water; 0.635 mg/l

- STP; 100 mg/l

Intermittent release; 6.35 mg/lmarine water; 0.0635 mg/l

- Soil; 0.29 mg/kg

#### ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)

**DNEL** Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.6 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 15 mg/m³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 180 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m³

Industry - Inhalation; Short term: 293 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.1 mg/l

- marine water; 0.1 mg/l

- Intermittent release; 0.1 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 13.7 mg/kg

- Sediment (Marinewater); 13.7 mg/kg

- Soil; 2.68 mg/kg

- STP; 9.6 mg/kg

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

# Protective equipment







# Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

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**Eye/face protection** Wear chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the

glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after

exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin.

Hygiene measures

Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Wash

promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Remove contaminated clothing

and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water after work.

Respiratory protection 
No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne

contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Wear a full facepiece, supplied-air

respirator.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Viscous liquid. Coloured liquid.

Colour Blue. White. Light (or pale). Various colours

Odour Organic solvents.

Odour threshold Not determined.

**pH** Technically not feasible.

Melting point Not determined.

Initial boiling point and range Not determined.

Flash point 40 approx.°C Closed cup.

Evaporation rate Not determined.

Evaporation factor Not determined.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: 0.8

Other flammability Not determined.

Vapour pressure Not determined.

Vapour density heavier than air

**Relative density** 1.08 - 1.25 @ @ 20 C°C

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined.

Decomposition Temperature Not determined.

Viscosity 3.0 (ICI Rotothinner) P @ 25 C°C

**Explosive properties** Not determined.

Explosive under the influence

of a flame

Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Not determined.

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9.2. Other information

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 560 - 620 depending on colour g/litre.

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

Not determined.

reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials:

Acids. Oxidising agents.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and

other toxic gases or vapours.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Toxicological effects** No data recorded.

General information Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent

health problems.

**Inhalation** May cause respiratory system irritation. Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic.

Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. The product contains organic solvents. Overexposure may depress the

central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication.

Ingestion Liquid irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal pain if swallowed. May cause

irritation. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhoea. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.

**Skin contact** May be absorbed through the skin. Product has a defatting effect on skin. Repeated exposure

may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause allergic contact eczema.

**Eye contact** Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.

Route of exposure Inhalation Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

# HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

5,100.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

5,100.0 ATE oral (mg/kg)

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 5,100.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 5,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC<sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)

5,100.0

Rat **Species** 

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

5,100.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Not irritating.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Chromosome aberration: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic

properties.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

Fertility: -, Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to

reproduction.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

fertility

Developmental toxicity: -:, Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of

toxicity to reproduction.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s.

Inhalation Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Central nervous system depression.

Ingestion Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.

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Skin contact Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema.

Eye contact No specific health hazards known.

Route of exposure Inhalation Dermal

#### SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product. The product contains substances which

are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

# Ecological information on ingredients.

#### HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, > 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Substance did not cause acute toxicity to fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC<sub>50</sub>, > 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae

Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater green algae

Acute toxicity -

microorganisms

EC<sub>50</sub>, >: 100 mg/l, Activated sludge

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 28 days: 0.131 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

life stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC, 28 days: 0.23 mg/l, Daphnia magna

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No data available.

# Ecological information on ingredients.

## HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Persistence and

degradability

The product is readily biodegradable.

**Phototransformation** Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air

Biodegradation - 80 Degradation (%): 28 days

Test - 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respiratory Test

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

## Ecological information on ingredients.

# HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

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Bioaccumulative potential The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 5 - 6.7

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate

easily from all surfaces. Readily absorbed into soil.

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Not available.

Surface tension 24.5 mN/m @ 20°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone

creation potential.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Other adverse effects Not known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste should be treated as controlled waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site

in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

**Disposal methods** Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.

Waste class When this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as

hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11\* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11\* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry

residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02

(plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).

**SECTION 14: Transport information** 

General This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR

and IMDG.

## 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1263 UN No. (IMDG) 1263 UN No. (ICAO) 1263

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

**PAINT** 

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) PAINT

Proper shipping name (ICAO) PAINT

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3
IMDG class 3
ICAO class/division 3

# Transport labels



# 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III
IMDG packing group III
ICAO packing group III

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



# 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-E
Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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#### **EU legislation** Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

LD₅o: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation

(EC) No 1907/2006.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity

and acronyms

Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)
Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Carc. = Carcinogenicity

Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid Repr. = Reproductive toxicity

Resp. Sens. = Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

**Revision comments** 

Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Classification of Titanium Dioxide updated in line with the 14th ATP to CLP.

Revised formulation. Updated Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)

**Issued by** Technical Dept. (N.O.)

Revision date 06/07/2021

Revision 2.0

Supersedes date 22/03/2021

SDS number 21100

SDS status Approved.

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Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated

 ${\it H373~May~cause~damage~to~organs~(Respiratory~system,~lungs)~through~prolonged~or}$ 

repeated exposure if inhaled.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Signature Initials .....

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