

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 375/F159 - EGGSHELL FINISH - WHITE (2010 compliant)

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of t	he substance/mixture and of the compan	y/undertaking	
1.1. Product identifier			
Product name	375/F159 - EGGSHELL FINISH - WHITE (2010 compliant)		
Product number	375/F159/1		
UFI	UFI: M15P-42QM-100U-K2GA		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses adv	ised against	
Identified uses	Paint.		
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	the safety data sheet		
Supplier	COO-VAR Lockwood Street HULL UK HU2 0HN +441482328053 (T) +441482219266 (F) info@coo-var.co.uk	TEAL & MACKRILL EU B.V. Zandvoortstraat 69 1976 BN IJMUIDEN THE NETHERLANDS +441482328053 (T) +441482219266 (F) info@coo-var.co.uk	
Contact person	Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30	hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above	
Manufacturer	TEAL & MACKRILL LIMITED LOCKWOOD STREET HULL HU2 0HN +44(0)1482 320194(T) +44(0)1482 219266(F) info@teamac.co.uk		
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber		
Emergency telephone	 +44 (0) 1482 328053 Coo-Var (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)		
SDS No.	10677		
SECTION 2: Hazards identification			
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture			
Classification (EC 1272/2008)	2		
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
Health hazards	Not Classified		
Environmental hazards	Not Classified		
2.2. Label elements			

### Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.</li> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin with water or shower.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Supplementary precautionary statements	P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder to extinguish. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

omposition/information on ingredients
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3.2. Mixtures			
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS 10-30%			
CAS number: —	EC number: 919-857-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119463258-33-XXXX	
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	Xn;R65. R10,R66,R67.		
STOT SE 3 - H336			
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			
Calcium Carbonate		10-30%	
CAS number: 1317-65-3	EC number: 215-279-6		
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Not Classified	-		

Classification Not Classified	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
CAS number: 34590-94-8	EC number: 252-104-2	REACH registration number: 01- 2119450011-60-XXXX
Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether		<1'
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H322		on <b>(67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> R65. Xi;R36/37/38. R10.
XYLENE CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	<1 REACH registration number: 01- 2119488216-32-xxxx
<b>Classification</b> Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	<b>Classificatio</b> Xi;R36/38	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL CAS number: 107-41-5	EC number: 203-489-0	<1'
<b>Classification</b> Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
aromatics CAS number: —	EC number: 918-481-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457273-39-XXXX
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes,	isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%	<1'
Classification Not Classified	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Barium Sulphate CAS number: 7727-43-7	EC number: 231-784-4	<b>10-30</b> REACH registration number: 01- 2119491274-35-0001
Classification Carc. 2 - H351	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) -	
CAS number: 13463-67-7	EC number: 236-675-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119489379-17-xxxx
Titanium Dioxide		10-30'

Classification       Classification (67/54//EEC or 1999/45/EC)         Acute Tox 4 - H302       Xn;R22 R42/43 Xi;R37/38,R41         Skin Inrit. 2 - H315       Eye Dam. 1 - H318         Resp. Sens. 1 - H334       Skin Sin Sin Sin Sin Sin Sin Sin Sin Sin S	PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE		_		<1%
Acute Tox, 4 - H302       Xn;R22 R42/43 Xi;R37/38,R41         Skin Intr, 2 - H315       Skin Sintr, 2 - H315         Systep Jam, 1 - H318       Resp. Sens, 1 - H313         Skin Sens, 1 - H313       Skin Sint, 3 - H334         Skin Sens, 1 - H317       Skin Sint, 3 - H334         Stor S 2 - H335       EC number: 204-881-4       REACH registration number: 01- 2/19565113-46-xxxx         M factor (Acute) = 1       Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)         Aquatic Acute 1 - H400       N;R50/53.         Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410       N;R50/53.         Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410       The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated into particles with an aerodynamic diameter of less than or equal to 10um.         SECTION 4: First aid measures       General information         A1. Description of first aid measures       General information         Reenove affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.         Inhalation       Remove affected person form source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Remove affected person form source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	CAS number: 85-44-9	EC number: 201-607-	5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457017-41-0000	
CAS number: 128-37-0       EC number: 204-881-4       REACH registration number: 01-2119565113-46-xxxx         M factor (Acute) = 1       Image: Content of the example of the ex	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 Skin Sens. 1 - H317		-	-	
M factor (Acute) = 1         Classification Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410       Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) N:R50/53.         Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410       N:R50/53.         The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.       Composition comments         The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated into particles with an aerodynamic diameter of less than or equal to 10um.         SECTION 4: First aid measures       General information         General information       Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.         Inhalation       Remove affected person form source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.         Ingestion       DO NOT induce womiting. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.         4.1. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed       General information         General information       Get medical att	2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol				<1%
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Notes for the doctor No specific recommendations.	General information	Get medical attention promptly if	symptoms occur af	fter washing.	
	4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed				
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations.			
	SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	ures			

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	Toxic gases or vapours. FLAMMABLE. Solvent vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.	
SECTION 6: Accidental releas	e measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Ensure suitable respiratory protection is worn during removal of spillages in confined areas.	
6.2. Environmental precautions	<u>S</u>	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.	
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
6.4. Reference to other section		
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8.	
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage	
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling	
Usage precautions	Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep away from	

away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Alkalis. Acids.

heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Store

Storage class	Flammable liquid storage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR. Up to 250 litres of liquids with a flashpoint above 32C but below 55C may be kept in a workroom provided they are kept in closed containers in a marked, fire-resisting cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate , marked storeroom conforming to the structural requirements contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
Usage description	Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### **Calcium Carbonate**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust

#### **Titanium Dioxide**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust

#### **Barium Sulphate**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust

#### Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

## 2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

### PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m3(Sen) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 12 mg/m3(Sen)

#### 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin.

#### HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.
	Titanium Dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7)
DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 700 mg/kg/day
PNEC <u>Hydro</u>	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.184 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.0184 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); &gt;=1000 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); &gt;=100 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 100 mg/kg</li> <li>STP; 100 mg/kg</li> </ul>
Ingredient comments	WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits
	XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)
DNEL	Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.6 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 108 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 180 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.327 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.327 mg/l</li> <li>Intermittent release; 0.327 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 12.46 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 12.46 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 2.31 mg/kg</li> <li>STP; 6.58 mg/kg</li> </ul> Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether (CAS: 34590-94-8)
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Long term : 65 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 310 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 15 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 37.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Oral; Long term : 1.67 mg/kg/day

PNEC	Fresh water; 19 mg/l marine water; 1.9 mg/l STP; 4168 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 70.2 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 7.02 mg/kg Soil; 2.74 mg/kg Intermittent release; 19 mg/l <u>Calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate) (CAS: 136-51-6)</u>
DNEL	Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 5.67 mg/kg Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 39.98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 2.83 mg/kg General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2.83 mg/kg General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 9.86 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	STP; 71.7 mg/l Soil; 1.06 mg/kg Intermittent release; 0.493 mg/l Fresh water; 0.36 mg/l marine water; 0.036 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 6.37 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.637 mg/kg
	2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (CAS: 128-37-0)
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; : 0.5 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; : 3.5 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.000199 mg/l - Sediment; 0.0996 mg/l - marine water; 0.0000199 mg/l - Soil; 0.04769 mg/l
8.2. Exposure controls	
Protective equipment	
	3

Appropriate engineering controls

#### Eye/face protection

Provide adequate ventilation. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection	To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standards EN388 and 374. As a general principle, exposure should be managed by means other than the provision of protective gloves. Manufacturers' performance data suggest that the optimum glove for use should be: Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: ≥ 0.31 mm Permeation breakthrough time according to EN374 - class: (1-6) e.g. minimum 480 mins. Caution: The performance of gloves under actual working conditions can be significantly affected by many factors and the information provided according to EN374 may not accord with what is achieved in practice. We recommend that expert professional advice is sought that takes into account of the work processes and working environment applicable for each task where gloves are to be worn.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Gas filter, type A2.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	• •
Appearance	Viscous liquid. Coloured liquid.
Colour	White / off-white.
Odour	Organic solvents.
Odour threshold	Not determined.
рН	Technically not feasible.
Melting point	Not determined.
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.
Flash point	38 approx.°C Closed cup.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Evaporation factor	Not determined.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 0.8
Other flammability	Not determined.
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	heavier than air

Relative density	1.50 - 1.54 @ @ 20 C°C
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient	Not determined.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.
Viscosity	4.5 - 4.9 (Rotothinner) P @ 25 C°C
Explosive properties	Not determined.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not determined.
9.2. Other information	
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 295 g/litre.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not determined.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Oxidising agents.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information	
11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
Inhalation	Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs.
Ingestion	Liquid irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal pain if swallowed.
Skin contact	Product has a defatting effect on skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause allergic contact eczema. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.

**Eye contact** May cause temporary eye irritation.

Acute and chronic health hazards	This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on human health.
Route of exposure	Inhalation Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies. Avoid vomiting and stomach flushing because of the risk of aspiration.

### Toxicological information on ingredients.

### HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,100.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	5,100.0
Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	5,100.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	5,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	5,100.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritatio	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	

Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility: - , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - : , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.	
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not available.	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s.	
Inhalation	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Central nervous system depression.	
Ingestion	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.	
Skin contact	Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema.	
Eye contact	No specific health hazards known.	
Route of exposure	Inhalation Dermal	
2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	3,700.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	3,700.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	8,560.0	
Species	Rabbit	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Irritating to skin.	
Animal data	Moderately irritating.	

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Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	3,523.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	3,523.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,100.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	

	ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	11.0
	Serious eye damage/irritation	
	Serious eye damage/irritation	Severely irritating to skin. Irritation of eyes is assumed. No testing is needed.
	Respiratory sensitisation	
	Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising.
	Skin sensitisation	
	Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
	Carcinogenicity	
	Carcinogenicity	There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.
	Reproductive toxicity	
	Reproductive toxicity - fertility	This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
	Aspiration hazard	
	Aspiration hazard	Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s.
	Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation.
	Ingestion	Pneumonia may be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.
	Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin.
	Eye contact	May cause severe eye irritation.
	Target organs	Central nervous system Liver
SECTION 1	2: Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity		duct contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms and which may ong term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Ecological in	nformation on ingredients.	
		XYLENE
	Ecotoxicity	The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.
12.1. Toxici	ty	
Ecological in	nformation on ingredients.	
		HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, > 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Substance did not cause acute toxicity to fish
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater invertebrates $EC_{50}$ , 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - ac plants	atic EC₅₀, > 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater green algae
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, >: 100 mg/l, Activated sludge
Chronic aquatic to	icity
Chronic toxicity - life stage	<b>sh early</b> NOEC, 28 days: 0.131 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Chronic toxicity - invertebrates	quatic NOEC, 28 days: 0.23 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL
Acute aquatic tox	ity
Acute toxicity - fis	LC50, 96 hours: 10700 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
Acute toxicity - ac invertebrates	atic EC₅₀, 48 hours: 3200 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	XYLENE
Acute aquatic tox	ity
Acute toxicity - fis	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2.6 mg/l, Fish
Acute toxicity - ac invertebrates	atic EC₅₀, 48 hours: 3.62 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - ac plants	atic IC₅₀, 72 hours: 3.2 mg/l, Algae
12.2. Persistence and degrada	lity
Persistence and degradability	The product is not expected to be biodegradable.
Ecological information on ingre	ients.
	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air
Biodegradation	- 80 Degradation (%): 28 days Test - 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respiratory Test

### XYLENE

Persistence and	The product is readily biodegradable.
degradability	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.

## HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Bioaccumulative potential	The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 5 - 6.7
	2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 0.58
	XYLENE
Partition coefficient	log Kow: 3.12 - 3.2
12.4. Mobility in soil	
surface	oduct contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all s.
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Readily absorbed into soil.
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Not available.
Surface tension	24.5 mN/m @ 20°C
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assess	ment
Results of PBT and vPvB This pr assessment	oduct does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
	XYLENE
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
•	oduct contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone n potential.
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
Other adverse effects	Not known.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods	

General information	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Waste class	When this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02 (plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).

## SECTION 14: Transport information

General	This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR and IMDG.	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263	
UN No. (IMDG)	1263	
UN No. (ICAO)	1263	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	9	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PAINT	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PAINT	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID class	3	
IMDG class	3	
ICAO class/division	3	
Transport labels		
3		
14.4. Packing group		
ADR/RID packing group	III	
IMDG packing group	III	
ICAO packing group	III	

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS		F-E, S-E

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture			
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).		

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### Inventories

#### **EU - EINECS/ELINCS**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	<ul> <li>ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.</li> <li>ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.</li> <li>RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.</li> <li>IATA: International Air Transport Association.</li> <li>ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.</li> <li>IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.</li> <li>CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.</li> <li>ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.</li> <li>LC<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.</li> <li>LD<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).</li> <li>EC<sub>50</sub>: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.</li> <li>PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.</li> <li>vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.</li> </ul>
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Revision comments	Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Classification of Titanium Dioxide updated in line with the 14th ATP to CLP.
Issued by	Technical Dept. (N.O.)
Revision date	09/08/2021
Revision	10.0
Supersedes date	06/01/2021
SDS number	10677
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H332 Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H351 Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.</li> <li>H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Signature	Initials

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.